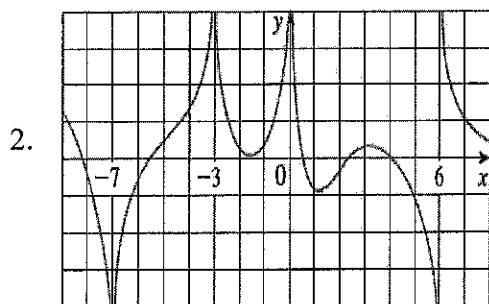


(2pts) From the graph of  $f(x)$ , compute:

- (1)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = 2$
- (2)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = 0$
- (3)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = DNE$
- (4)  $f(2) = 1$

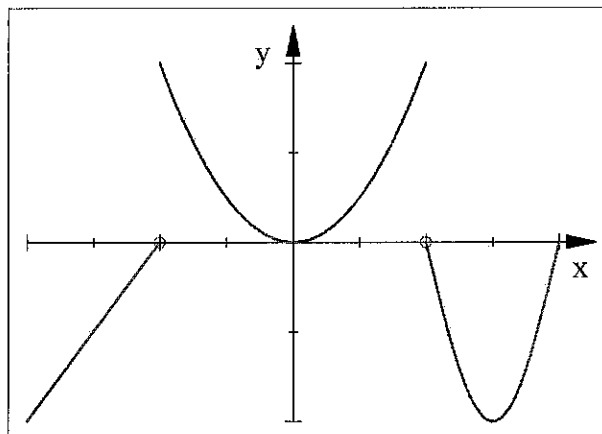


(1pts) From the graph of  $f(x)$ , compute:

- (1)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 6^-} f(x) = -\infty$
- (2)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 6^+} f(x) = +\infty$

(4pts) Let  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 + x & \text{if } x < -1 \\ x^2 & \text{if } -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ \sin(\pi x) & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$

3. (1) Sketch the graph of  $f(x)$ .  
Label your scales.
- (2) From the graph, determine the value  $a$  for which  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)$  exists.



4. (3pts) Let  $f(t) = \frac{e^{2t} - 1}{t}$ .

- (1) Set up a table to compute values of  $f(t)$  for  $t = \pm 0.1, \pm 0.01, \pm 0.001, \pm 0.0001$ .

| $t$    | $\frac{e^{2t} - 1}{t}$ | $t$     | $\frac{e^{2t} - 1}{t}$ |
|--------|------------------------|---------|------------------------|
| 0.1    | 2.2140                 | -0.1    | 1.8127                 |
| 0.01   | 2.0201                 | -0.01   | 1.9801                 |
| 0.001  | 2.0020                 | -0.001  | 1.998001               |
| 0.0001 | 2.0002                 | -0.0001 | 1.9998                 |

- (2) From the results given in (1), estimate  $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{2t} - 1}{t} = 2$